

$$(a) \quad h[n] = \alpha^n \cdot (\delta[n] - \delta[n-N]) = \alpha^n \delta[n] - \alpha^N \alpha^{n-N} \delta[n-N]$$

$$H(z) = \frac{z}{z-\alpha} - \alpha^N z^{-N} \frac{z}{z-\alpha} = \frac{z - \alpha^N z^{-N+1}}{z-\alpha} = \frac{z \cdot (1 - \alpha^N z^{-N})}{z-\alpha} = \frac{z^N - \alpha^N}{(z-\alpha) z^{N-1}}$$

$$z_0: \quad z^N - \alpha^N = 0$$

$$\prod_{k=0}^{N-1} e^{j \frac{2\pi}{N} k} = \alpha^N$$

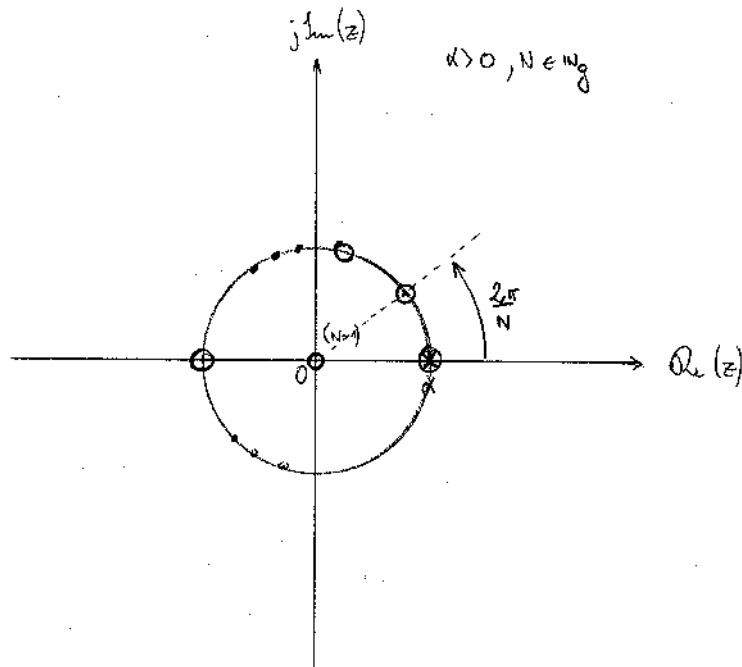
$$\alpha = \alpha$$

$$\theta \cdot N = 2\pi \cdot k; \quad \theta = \frac{2\pi}{N} \cdot k; \quad k = 0, \dots, N-1$$

$$z_{0,1,\dots,N-1} = \alpha \cdot e^{j \frac{2\pi}{N} k}; \quad k = 0, \dots, N-1$$

$$z_{\infty,1} = \alpha$$

$$z_{\infty,2,\dots,N} = 0$$



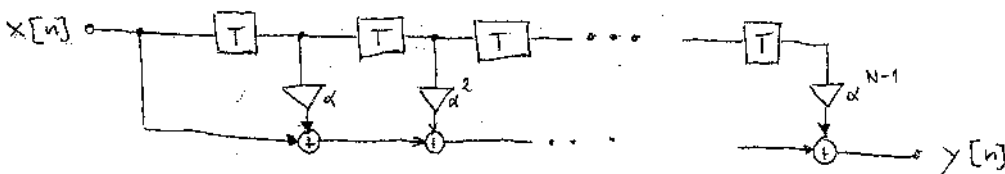
Pol-/Null-Kompensation

Mit f.e. reellen α

auf

\Rightarrow stabil $\forall \alpha \in \mathbb{R}$

$$(b) \quad h[n] = \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \alpha^k \delta[n-k] \Rightarrow y[n] = \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \alpha^k x[n-k]$$



(c) $N-1$ Addierer, Multiplizierer, Speicherelemente

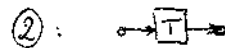
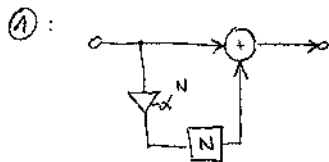
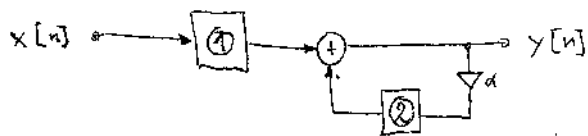
$$(d) \quad y[n] = \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \alpha^k x[n-k] \quad \rightarrow \quad Y(z) = \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \alpha^k z^{-k} X(z) =$$

$$= X(z) \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \left(\frac{\alpha}{z}\right)^k = X(z) \cdot \frac{1 - \alpha^N z^{-N}}{1 - \alpha z^{-1}}$$

$$Y(z) - \alpha z^{-1} Y(z) = X(z) - \alpha^N z^{-N} X(z)$$

$$y[n] - \alpha y[n-1] = x[n] - \alpha^N x[n-N]$$

$$y[n] = x[n] - \alpha^N x[n-N] + \alpha y[n-1]$$

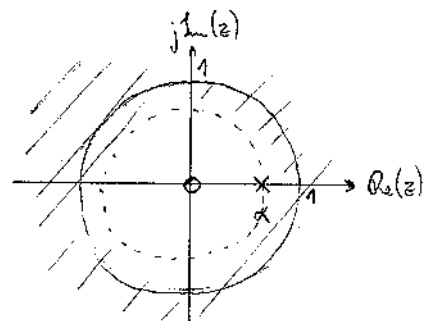


$$(e) \quad y[n] = x[n] + \alpha y[n-1]$$

$$Y(z) = X(z) + z^{-1} \alpha Y(z)$$

$$H(z) = \frac{1}{1 - \alpha z^{-1}} = \frac{z}{z - \alpha}$$

$|\alpha| < 1 \Rightarrow$ rekurs. Filter stabil



(f)	(b)	(d)
ADD	$N-1$	2
MLT	$N-1$	2
SPE	$N-1$	$N+1$