

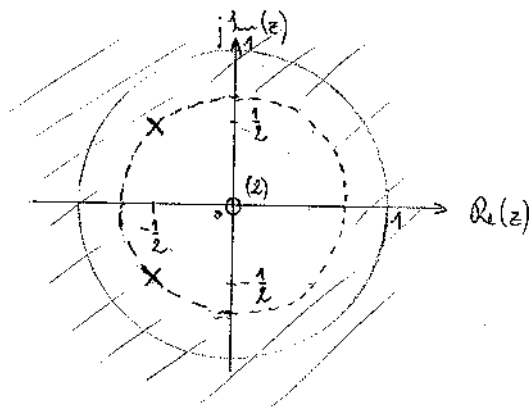
A4.7

$$(a) \quad Y(z) + z^{-1}Y(z) + \frac{1}{2}z^{-2}Y(z) = \frac{5}{2}X(z)$$

$$\frac{Y(z)}{X(z)} = H(z) = \frac{5}{2} \cdot \left\{ 1 + z^{-1} + \frac{1}{2}z^{-2} \right\}^{-1} = \frac{5}{2} \frac{2z^2}{2z^2 + 2z + 1} = \frac{5}{2} \frac{z^2}{z^2 + z + \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$(b) \quad z_{0,2} = 0$$

$$z_{\infty,2} = -\frac{1}{2} \pm \sqrt{\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{2}} = -\frac{1}{2} \pm j\frac{1}{2}$$



$$(c) \quad A(z) = \frac{5}{2} \frac{z^2}{z^2 + z + \frac{1}{2}} \cdot \frac{z}{z-1} = \frac{5}{2} \cdot \left\{ 1 + \frac{1}{2} \frac{z+1}{(z^2 + z + \frac{1}{2})(z-1)} \right\} = \frac{5}{2} + \frac{5}{4} \cdot \frac{z+1}{(z^2 + z + \frac{1}{2})(z-1)} =$$

$$z^3 : \quad z^3 - \frac{1}{2}z - \frac{1}{2} = 1 + \frac{1}{2} \frac{z+1}{z^2 + \frac{1}{2}z - \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$= \frac{5}{2} + \frac{5}{4} \cdot \left\{ \frac{\alpha}{z-1} + \frac{\beta z + \gamma}{(z + \frac{1}{2})^2 + \frac{1}{4}} \right\}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$z=0: \quad -2 = -\frac{4}{5} + 2\gamma \Rightarrow \gamma = -\frac{3}{5}$$

$$z = -\frac{1}{2}: \quad -\frac{4}{5} \cdot \frac{2}{3} + \frac{-\frac{1}{2}\beta - \frac{3}{5}}{\frac{1}{4}} = -\frac{4}{3} \Rightarrow \beta = -\frac{4}{5}$$

$$A(z) = \frac{5}{2} + z^{-1} \frac{z}{z-1} + \frac{-z}{z^2 + z + \frac{1}{2}} + \frac{3}{4} z^{-1} \frac{-z}{z^2 + z + \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\rho = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

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$$\sqrt{2} \cos(\alpha) = -1 \Rightarrow \alpha = \frac{3\pi}{4}$$

$$\sin(\alpha) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \Rightarrow k = -2$$

$$A(z) \Leftrightarrow a[n] = \frac{5}{2} \delta[n] + \delta[n-1] - 2 \cdot \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)^n \sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}n\right) \delta[n] - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)^{n-1} \sin\left(\frac{5\pi}{4}(n-1)\right) \delta[n-1]$$

$$A(z) = \frac{5}{2} \delta[n] + G[n-1] - 2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)^n \sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}n\right) G[n] + \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)^n \left[\sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}n\right) + \cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}n\right)\right] G[n] - \frac{3}{2} \delta[n] =$$

$$= G[n] - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)^n \sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}n\right) G[n] + \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)^n \cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}n\right) G[n]$$

$$(d) \quad Y(z) + z^{-1} (Y(z) + y[-1] \cdot z) + \frac{1}{2} z^{-2} (Y(z) + y[-1]z + y[-2]z^2) = \frac{5}{2} X(z)$$

$$Y(z) \cdot \left\{ 1 + z^{-1} + \frac{1}{2} z^{-2} \right\} + y[-1] \cdot \left( 1 + \frac{1}{2} z^{-1} \right) + y[-2] \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{5}{2} X(z)$$

$$X(z) = Y(z) = \frac{z}{z-1}$$

$$y[-1] \cdot \frac{z + \frac{1}{2}}{z} + y[-2] \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{5}{2} \frac{z}{z-1} - \frac{z^2 + z + \frac{1}{2}}{z^2} \cdot \frac{z}{z-1}$$

$$y[-1] \cdot \left(z + \frac{1}{2}\right) (z-1) z + y[-2] \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot z^2 (z-1) = \frac{5}{2} z^3 - z^2 - z - \frac{1}{2} z$$

$$\left(y[-1] + \frac{1}{2} y[-2]\right) z^3 - \left(\frac{1}{2} y[-1] + \frac{1}{2} y[-2]\right) z^2 - \frac{1}{2} y[-1] \cdot z = \frac{5}{2} z^3 - z^2 - \frac{1}{2} z$$

$$\Rightarrow y[-1] = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow y[-2] = 1$$