

A 2.9

$$y[n] = \sum_{k=n-1}^{n+1} (x[k+1] - x[k] + x[k-1]) = x[n] - x[n-1] + x[n-2] + x[n+1] \Leftrightarrow x[n] + x[n-1] + x[n+2] - x[n+1] + x[n]$$

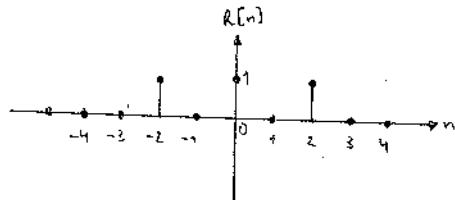
$$= x[n] + x[n-2] + x[n+2]$$

(a) (i)  $x[n] = \alpha x_1[n] + \beta x_2[n] \Rightarrow y[n] = \alpha y_1[n] + \beta y_2[n]$

$$\alpha x_1[n] + \beta x_2[n] + \alpha x_1[n-2] + \beta x_2[n-2] + \alpha x_1[n+2] + \beta x_2[n+2] =$$

$$= \alpha (x_1[n] + x_1[n-2] + x_1[n+2]) + \beta (x_2[n] + x_2[n-2] + x_2[n+2]) \Rightarrow \text{linear}$$

(b) (ii)  $h[n] = \delta[n+2] + \delta[n] + \delta[n-2] \neq 0 \text{ if } n < 0 \Rightarrow \text{akausal}$



(iii)  $|x[n]| \leq M < \infty \quad \forall n \Rightarrow |y[n]| \leq N < \infty$

$$\rightarrow |y[n]| = |x[n] + x[n-2] + x[n+2]| \leq |x[n]| + |x[n-2]| + |x[n+2]| \leq 3M < \infty$$

$\Rightarrow$  BIBO-stabil

(iv)  $x[n-N_0] \Rightarrow y[n-N_0]$

$$y[n-N_0] = x[n-N_0] + x[n-N_0-2] + x[n-N_0+2]$$

$$n-N_0 \mapsto m$$

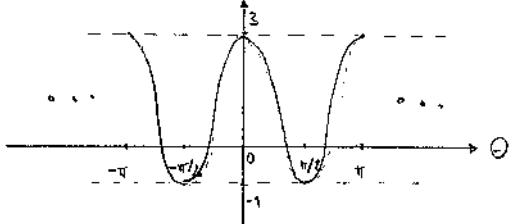
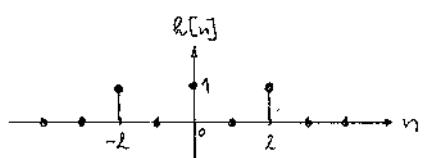
$$y[m] = x[m] + x[m-2] + x[m+2]$$

$$m \mapsto n$$

$$y[n] = x[n] + x[n-2] + x[n+2] \Rightarrow \text{zeitinvariant}$$

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$$(b) h[n] = \delta[n] + \delta[n+2] + \delta[n-2] \Rightarrow 1 + e^{j2\theta} + e^{-j2\theta} = 1 + 2\cos(2\theta) = H(e^{j\theta})$$



$$(c) y[n] = (-1)^n + (-1)^{n-2} + (-1)^{n+2} = 3 \cdot (-1)^n$$

$$\text{Bemerkung: } (-1)^n = \frac{1}{2} \left( e^{j\pi n} + e^{-j\pi n} \right) = \cos(\pi n)$$

$$(d) y[n] = x^n + x^{n-2} + x^{n+2} = x^n \cdot (1 + x^{-2} + x^2) = 0$$

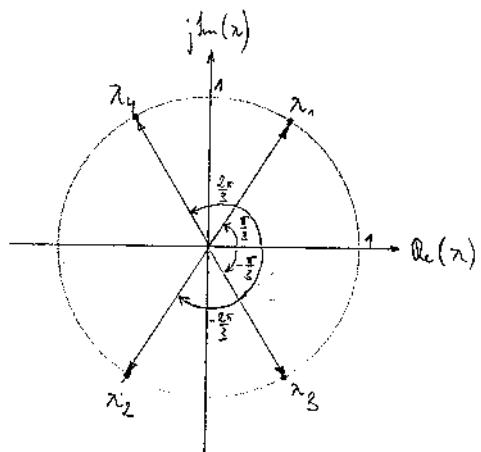
$$(x^n = 0)$$

$$1 + x^{-2} + x^2 = 0$$

$$x^4 + x^2 + 1 = 0$$

$$x_{1,2} = -\frac{1}{2} \pm \sqrt{\frac{1}{4} - 1} = -\frac{1}{2} \pm j\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = e^{\pm j\frac{2\pi}{3}}$$

$$x_{1,2,3,4} = \pm \sqrt{-\frac{1}{2} \pm j\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}}$$



(e) reelles System: kausal  $\Rightarrow$  Amplitude monotonig

$$y[n] = x[n] + x[n-2] + x[n-4]$$

