

A 4.2

$$(a) \quad \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1}} = \frac{z}{z - \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$x_R[n] = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n g[n]$$

$$x_L[n] = -\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n g[-n-1]$$

$$(b) \quad \frac{1}{(1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1})(z-1)} = \frac{z}{z-\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{z}{z-1} = \frac{z^2}{z^2 - \frac{3}{2}z + \frac{1}{2}} \stackrel{\text{PD/BZ}}{=} 1 - \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{z-\frac{1}{2}} + 2 \frac{1}{z-1}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{z^2}{z^2 - \frac{3}{2}z + \frac{1}{2}} &= \frac{(z^2 - \frac{3}{2}z + \frac{1}{2})}{(z-\frac{1}{2})(z-1)} = 1 + \frac{\frac{3}{2}}{(z-\frac{1}{2})(z-1)} \cdot \frac{z-\frac{1}{2}}{z-\frac{1}{2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{z-\frac{1}{2}}{(z-\frac{1}{2})(z-1)} = \frac{A}{z-\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{B}{z-1}$$

$$A = \frac{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{2}}{\frac{1}{2}-1} = -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$B = \frac{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{2}}{1-\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$X(z) = 1 - \frac{1}{2} z^{-1} \frac{z}{z-\frac{1}{2}} + 2 z^{-1} \frac{z}{z-1}$$

$$x_R[n] = \delta[n] - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-1} g[n-1] + 2 g[n-1] = \delta[n] - \left\{ \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n - 2 \right\} g[n-1] \left\{ \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n + 2 \right\} g[n]$$

$$x_L[n] = \left\{ \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n - 2 \right\} g[-n-1]$$

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(c)  $\frac{1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1}}{1 + \frac{1}{2}z^{-1}} = \frac{z - \frac{1}{2}}{z + \frac{1}{2}} = \frac{z}{z + \frac{1}{2}} - \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{z + \frac{1}{2}} z^{-1}$

$$x_R[n] = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n g[n] - \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-1} g[n-1] = \delta[n] + 2 \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^n g[n]$$

$$x_L[n] = -\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n g[-n-1] + \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-1} g[-n] = -\delta[n] - 2 \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^n g[-n]$$